(3) Two longitudinal seats (foldable if need be) in the body.

(4) One door with two shutters at the rear.

(5) Expanded metal fixed shutters for the windows on either side and the door shutters.

(6) Foldable and detachable metal stone guards for the windscreen for cabs glassed shutters, for front head lights, etc.

Note.—If required, the expanded metal windows for the body should be made in such a manner as to fold the upper half inwards.

Dimensions—Overall length of the body ... 15′—6″ } Approximate.
Internal width ... 6′—3″ } Approximate.
Internal height .. 5′—6″ } Approximate.

Construction.—The cross bearers should be fabricated out of 2″×2″×¼″ M.S. angle fitted with venteak inserts and the roof sticks to be of 1½″×1½″×1/8″ M.S. angles fitted with veteal fillets to enable shaping and panelling. The entire body frame should be bolted and welded wherever necessary and painted with anti-corrosive paint.

Flooring.—Teakwood planks of 1″ thick to be screwed down to the cross bearer fillets and covered with bitumanastic felt to make it dust-proof metal sheeting should be used for flooring.

Panelling.—Exterior panelling is to be of 20 G.M.S. Sheet nailed to the timber fillets and with suitable mouldings at the joints.

Driver's Compartment.—This is to be built integral with the body. A Composite partition to be provided to the full height with a fixed type expanded metal window in the centre of the partition.

The driver's and the five seats behind to be provided with comfortable leather cushions.

Doors.—Full doors on either side of the driver's cab are to have windows having triplex glass shutters operated by winding regulators and fixed on stout iron hinges at the front with slam locks, and chemium plated door handles. Rubber buffers guides to be provided to prevent rattling.

The rear doors with fixed expanded metal windows shall be provided.

Windows.—The windows are to have expanded metal shutters sufficiently reinforced for rigidity. Rain shield and water channel shall be provided over the windows.

Roof.—The centre of the roof will be of teakwood plank ½″ of 5/8″ thick. There shall be bitumanastic treated felt over the timber ceiling and covered with G.I. Sheets to make the top leak proof.

Side curtains.—Water proof roll up khaki canvas curtains shall be provided for all the windows with necessary leather straps and turn buttons.

Fittings.—1. A locker at the near side below the floor level.

2. Two longitudinal seats foldable in the rear compartment with cushions.

3. One folding step at the rear.

4. Two Nos. Rifle shands with leather belts in the cab.

5. One R. V. Mirror.

6. Stone guards for W. S. Glasses, Door Glasses and head lights.

7. Petrol tank to be suitably covered by mess.

Painting.—All steel works are to have coat of anti-corrisive point. The vehicle should be painted with primer puttyed up and filler and given two coats of blue colour synthetic enamel. The interior should be painted with light blue colour.

Lettering.—The letters "Government of Mysore, Police Department" have to be carved on the head of the vehicle above the front glass and the monogram on the side.

I. P. MALLAPPA,
Secy., S.P.C.

5175a

MISCELLANEOUS DEPARTMENTS

OFFICE OF THE CORPORATION OF THE CITY OF BANGALORE.

Notice dated 16th October 1953.

No. ED—8—53. Sealed tenders will be received at the Office of the Corporation Engineer up to 4 P.M. on 27th October 1953, for providing flushing arrangements to the latrines and baths of new model houses (under construction) in Williams Town.

Each tender should be accompanied by the Corporation Treasury receipt for Rs. 225 credited into the Corporation Treasury and should be in the form which can be had for Re. 1 from the Record Clerks, City or Civil Station, on any working day. The rate should be quoted for each item of the works in the list, a copy of which can be had from the office on any working day. Only sanitary plumbing contractors need tender.

Cheques enclosed along with the tender will be rejected

M. H. MANCHIGIAH,
Engineer.

1172

OFFICE OF THE GENERAL MANAGER, THE MYSORE IMPLEMENTS FACTORY, HASSAN, (MYSORE STATE).

(GOVERNMENT OF MYSORE.)

Appointment of Stockists Agents.

Notification dated 9th October 1953.

No. 5169. Applications are invited for appointment as Stockist-Agents from very influential and long standing firms, who have very good business organisation, for selling the products of the Mysore Implements Factory (Government of Mysore), P.O. Hassan, for the following areas. The applications should reach the undersigned not later than 26th October 1953.

For terms and conditions and other particulars, please contact the undersigned.

Areas.—

(1) Residuary Madras Province, excepting Malabar and South Kanara Districts.
(2) Mysore State including Bellary District.

S. K. KEMPAIAH, *Genl. Manager.*

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PART VI

PUBLIC ADVERTISEMENTS

OFFICE OF THE PRINCIPAL INFORMATION OFFICER TO THE GOVERNMENT OF MYSORE, OLD PUBLIC OFFICES, BANGALORE.

PRESS NOTE.

It has been a long practice to hold wrestling bouts before the Palace during Dasara Festivities. In these bouts Harijans were not given opportunities to participate by reason of caste prejudices of a few people who were participating in the wrestling bouts. These few people developed a psychology that the wrestling bouts were their exclusive privilege. Attempts were being made from time to time, for the last several years to persuade these people not to claim exclusive privileges.

The life-long labours of Mahatma Gandhi in the cause of Harijans culminated in the special provisions being incorporated in the Constitution by which "untouchability is abolished and its practice in any form is forbidden. The enforcement of any disability arising out of untouchability shall be an offence punishable in accordance with law." The citizens of India who have accepted the moral leadership of Mahatma Gandhi as well as the legal duties under the Constitution are bound to accord equal rights to Harijans and do away with all semblance of untouchability. It must be noted that during and since the time of Sri Sri Krishnaraja Wadeyar Bahadur of revered memory it has been the practice to allow freely Harijans to the Palace along with all others and they have used this privilege to offer their Nazar and regards to the Throne and Person of the Maharaja of Mysore.

It is also gratifying to state that the Harijans in Mysore have been trained in their Akhadas by non-Harijan Pahlwans and the practice of participation of Harijans and non-Harijans in a common Akhada has been in vogue for some years in the Mysore Exhibition Grounds.

Last year, earnest and serious attempts were made to allow Harijans to participate in the wrestling bouts before the Palace on the principle of equal treatment being accorded to every citizen in the country. It was represented to Government that some more time might be given to wrestlers to adjust themselves to the new set up. Government was assured by some leading persons that by next year matters would be smoothened so as to make it possible for Harijans also to participate in the wrestling bouts on a footing of equality.

It was the responsibily of the Government to implement the constitutional provisions. Government could not longer postpone the claims of the Harijans. On the recommendations of the Rajasabha Committee, Government decided that this year at least wrestling bouts must be conducted on principles to which morally and constitutionally every one was committed.

Unfortnately, a few people who were participating in the wrestling bouts before the Palace claimed exclusive rights and did not agree to Harijans being allowed to participate in wrestling. On the first day of Dasara Festivities, *viz.*, 8th October 1953, some people resorted to acts of hooliganism and violence which ultimately resulted in fire being opened by the police. Further details of these incidents have been elucidated in the Press Note dated 9th October 1953. However, wrestling bouts before the Palace were suspended for the day.

Earnest attempts are since being made to bring about harmony and understanding between the contending parties. Considerable progress has been made but the principle contention of a common platform (*Akhada*) has remained unsolved.

His Highness the Rajapramukh of Mysore expressed that under the circumstances, it would be better to stop the wrestling bouts and the Vijaya Dasami Procession during the present festivities. The Chief Minister, after his return from Delhi, had discussions with His Highness as well as with the representative public men in the matter. Government, after a careful review of the entire situation, have decided to respect the wishes of His Highness and have accordingly agreed to the suspension of the wrestling bouts as well as the Vijaya Dasami Procession.

Government still hope that earnest attempts to bring about understanding and harmony among the contending parties will be pursued and earnestly appeal to the participants in the wrestling bouts not to press for exclusive rights but to accord equal and fraternal treatment to all.

(P. N. No. 86—14-10-53).

5251

Press Note.

Changes in the Treasury arrangements in Mysore City and Mandya and Shimoga Towns consequent on the appointment of the Bank of Mysore as the Agent of the Reserve Bank in Mysore State.

It is hereby notified for general information that, from 1st November 1953 the cash work of Treasuries functioning in Mysore City and Mandya and Shimoga Towns will be taken over by the local Branches of the Bank of Mysore as the agent of the Reserve Bank. The Treasury procedure to be followed in those places on and after 1st November 1953 will be as under:—

(*a*) Persons having to pay money on Government account to the District Treasury will hand over the chalan at the District Treasury in the usual way and obtain a direction of the District Treasury Officer thereon to the Bank to receive the money. They will then proceed to the Bank, pay the money and obtain the Bank's acknowledgment. The transaction is completed. Those having to draw money from the District Treasury will likewise obtain an authorisation of the District Treasury Officer on the bill or cheque and receive payment at the Bank.

(*b*) In a number of cases, however, the public having to pay or draw money need not obtain the authorisation of the District Treasury Officer, and may complete their transactions at the Bank direct. The following are the cases of the kind:—

Payments into the Bank.—Remittances of Sales-Tax, Forest, Revenue, Civil and Criminal Court Deposits, Income-tax, Union Excise Duties, amounts due to the Government Insurance Department, Vehicle Taxes and Fees payable under the Motor Vehicles Act, and other amounts on chalans scrutinised by the Departmental Officers or on special chalan forms prescribed for the purpose.

Drawals from the Bank.—All kinds of cheques drawn by the Government Officers and payable at those places, Refund Orders of the Income-tax Department, Refund Orders of the Union Excise Department and cheques of the Government Insurance Department.

Note.—1. Collections of Land and Excise Revenue, repayments of land improvement and Takavi loans, receipts and payments of Revenue Deposits, Muzrai Funds, Village Panchayet Funds, General Stamp refunds, etc., closely connected with the taluk accounts will be transacted at

the respective headquarters taluk treasury finally. The public need not go to the District Treasury or the Bank in such cases.

Note.—2. Savings Bank transactions, issue and re-payment of Treasury Savings Certificates and Fixed Deposits will be centralised and attended to at the District Treasury only from 1st November 1953. As such transactions will have to be registered at the treasury invariably arrangements have been made to receive or pay cash in these cases at the District Treasury itself. The public need not go to the Bank except at their option to finalise such transactions.

Note.—3. Motor Vehicle taxes and fees payable at the three places will be collected at the Bank itself from 1st November 1953. They will not be received either at the District or the Taluk Treasury. The amounts may be remitted to the Bank direct on challan forms in duplicate which will be supplied at the Bank. One copy of the challan duly receipted by the Bank for credit of the amounts should be presented along with the application forms and other relevant records to the authorities concerned for issue of licenses, etc.

Note.—4. On the first two days and the last day of each month pensions will be disbursed at the District Treasury itself. On other days payments must be received at the Bank on bills passed by the District Treasury Officer.

2. In the cases of transactions to be finalised at the Bank, whether previous authorisation of the District Treasury Officer is required or not, public do not have to wait at the District Treasury or the Bank longer than is absolutely necessary as the accounting work will be done afterwards and not before receipt or payment as at present. In case of documents which can be presented direct at the Bank, the transactions will be completed expeditiously as at any Bank.

3. Before payments are claimed at the Bank on Cheques, Refund Orders, etc., the payees should in order to avoid inconvenience to them at the Bank, get their signatures on the cheques, orders, etc., previously attested either by the cheque drawing officer or by any other Government Officer drawing bills or cheques on the District Treasury or the Bank. As the Bank has to satisfy itself as to the identity of the claimants before payment, strict adherence to the above instructions will save time and inconvenience to the payees.

4. Cheques drawn by the Government Officers on the Bank are negotiable.

(P.N. No. 87—19-10-1953).

Press Note.

Jola pests in Chitaldrug and Shimoga Districts. Timely action taken.

It was reported recently that the jola crop in Davangere, Harihar and Holalkere taluks in Chitaldrug District, and Channagiri and Honnali Taluks in Shimoga District was attacked by some pest causing serious damage. In this connection, the Joint Entomologist inspected the areas, intensively with local Assistant Directors and Range Inspectors, and found that the pest was the stem borer, which attacks both the young and older crops. In the younger crop—"Dodda-jola", the infected plants show a whitish tinge and holes on the blades at the top. In the older crop, the insect bores into the stalk of the earhead or the stem at different levels, resulting in reddish appearance on the sheaths covering the stem or the earhead. The insect is a borer and will not completely kill the grown-up plant.

In younger crops, the caterpillars are found in between the folded leaves and in the older crop, they are found inside the stem. The damage in the case of the younger crop will not be serious as only the blades are being holed. The insect can be controlled by dusting B.H.C. powder on the centre of the plants. The local agricultural staff has extensively toured in the areas, and arrangements have been made to supply B.H.C. Powder at a low cost of Re. 0-2-3 per lb. to the cultivators. Stocks of insecticides are maintained in interior places to make them readily available to the cultivators. Demonstrations are being conducted for educating the cultivators in dusting the powder.

In the older crop—"Kesari jola", the attack is seen on the stem and the earhead is slightly damaged on the side only, the rest of it being intact. Since the borer does not make a circular cut all round the stem, the sap is not completely cut off and so there is no fear of losing the earhead. The loss is only a fraction of the earhead. All the "Kesarijola" will soon be harvested.

As a slight attack by the webbing caterpiller—"Gudumaru" is observed in hardened earhead, the cultvators are advised to thresh the earheads very soon after harvest instead of allowing them in stacks, as otherwise this pest may multiply in the stacks and destroy the grains.

The crop is in general uniformly very good. The pest infection is only in the adjoining areas of the two Districts, and may be about five per cent, of which only a fraction of about 1 to 2 anna worth in a 16 anna earhead may be lost. The reduction in the total yield in the entire area may be about 1 to 2 per cent. The situation is not alarming. The Department has done everything possible under the circumstances and the position is well under control.

(P.N. No. 83—21-10-53).

B. N. SRI SATHYAN,
Principal Information Officer.

5251

FOREST DEPARTMENT

BANGALORE FOREST DIVISION.

Tender Notification dated 13th October 1953.

Re:—Sale of Casuarina Plantations in Devanahally Range.

The attention of the public is invited to this office notification dated 8th September 1953, on the above-mentioned subject and sealed tenders are called for under the following terms for the right to cut and remove the casuarina trees yielding poles and firewood in the under-mentioned plantations.

1 Every tender should be accompanied with a deposit of Rs. 200 (Rupees two hundred only) in currency notes and the same should be sealed and addressed to the District Forest Officer, Bangalore District, Sandal Koti Buildings, Malleswaram, Bangalore 3, so as to reach him by 3 P.M. on Monday the *9th November 1953*.

2 The tender should specify the rate of purchase at so much per acre. Immediately after the acceptance of the tender by the Chief Conservator of Forests, the highest tenderer should pay the full sale amount with usual cesses and sales-tax at the rate of Re. 0-3-3 in the Rupee.

3 The trees purchased should be removed before the end of January 1954, from the date of execution of the agreement which the purchaser has to execute within seven days from the date of intimation of the acceptance of the tender. For other conditions, please apply to the District Forest Officer, Bangalore, during the working hours.

SCHEDULE.

Name of the State Forest.	Year of Plantation.	Area of Plantation.
1. Koramangala Extension ...	1943 Plantations ...	20 acres.

4998 J. P. MASCARENHAS, *D.F.O.*

KOLAR FOREST DIVISION.

Resale Notification dated 5th October 1953.

Resale of thangadi and kakke barks lease for 1952-54.

It is hereby notified for general information that the right of collecting the thangadi and kakke barks in the Mulbagal and Bagepalli taluks of the Kolar District during the current lease period from the date of confirmation of this sale will be resold at the risk of the original purchasers